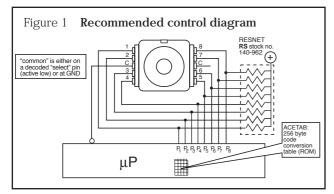


Absolute contacting encoders (ACE™)

RS stock number 263-2918

Absolute encoder/gray code output Features

- Digital output
- High operating temperature capabilities up to 125°C
- Sturdy construction
- Bushing mount
- PC board mounting bracket available Horizontal (RS stock no. 263-2867)
 Vertical (RS stock no. 263-2851).



The Bourns Absolute Contacting Encoder (ACE $^{\text{TM}}$) is an absolute encoder implemented in a contacting technology.

The ACE-128 provides 128 angular positions that are directly converted to an 8-bit binary output. The ACETM encoder emits a gray-code output sequence ensuring single bit transitions between states. The breakthrough technology on the ACETM encoder places the code pattern on a single track. This ACE-128 design results in a compact footprint and a very economical product.

A special feature of an ACE $^{\text{TM}}$ encoder is that it assigns a unique, digitally encoded signal to each measured increment, which prevents erroneous readings. For example, if a power failure or transient malfunction occurs, the position can be ready when the power is restored without moving back to a reference position, as would be required with incremental encoders.

Unlike a traditional potentiometer which requires an A/D converter, the ACETM encoder provides an absolute digital output. The absolute digital output simplifies the electronic circuit by allowing the micro-processor to be directly linked to the ACETM encoder.

Prior to the development of the ACETM encoder, digital absolute output could only be achieved by utilising a multitrack concept. Typically, multitrack encoders tend to be expensive, large, and much more complicated than the single track, gray-code concept used in the ACETM encoder. Since the ACETM encoder offers a unique absolute output, sample rates can be much lower than traditional quadrature incremental encoders. This lower sample rate requires much less microprocessor time, resulting in lower overall power consumption.

Generally, the ACE^{TM} encoder is well suited to any application where an absolute output must be interfaced with digital circuitry. Options include a direct connection to an 8-bit databus or an 8-bit input port, or to a serial bus via a dedicated expansion IC.

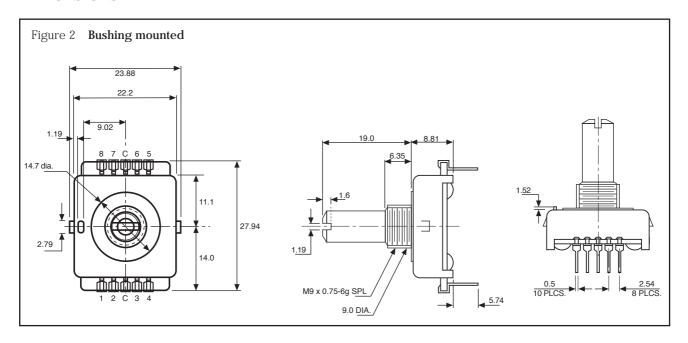
Applications include:

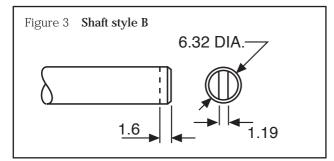
- Automotive climate controls
- Electronic toys and arcade games
- Measurement devices and gauges
- Mouse/trackball and joystick components
- Oscilloscope sensitivity, sweep, position and cursor controls
- Adjustment controls for radios
- Fader control on audio consoles
- Thermostat controls
- Any digital control bus-based system.

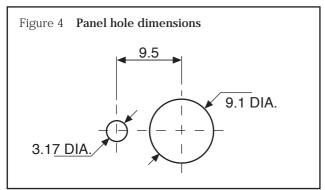
Some of the advantages of absolute encoders:

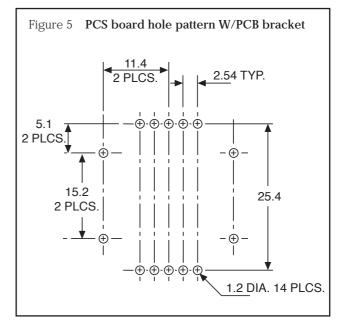
- Elimination of the A/D converter that is required with a potentiometer
- Detented lower resolutions could be used as function control switches, lowering overall cost when compared to traditional rotary switches
- Cost-effective pricing
- Compact, robust design
- Available in rotary or linear function control
- Simplified design single-track gray code
- Adaptability of the sensor components and the shaft for customised solutions.

Dimensions









Pin output codeBit/Pin correlation: b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 = p8 p7 p6 p5 p4 p3 p2 p1.

A binary "1" denotes an "open" switch and a binary "0" denotes a "closed" switch.

Positions 0-127 are seen by a clockwise rotation of the shaft.

Position	p8	р7	р6	р5	p4	р3	p2	p1	Decimal Output
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	127
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	63
2	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	62
3	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	58
4	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	56
5 6	1	0	1 0	1 1	1	0	0	0	184 152
7	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	24
8	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	8
9	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	72
10	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	73
11	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	77
12	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	79
13	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	15
14	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	47
15	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	175
16 17	1 1	0	1 0	1	1	1	1	1	191 159
18	0	0	0	1	1	1	1 1	1	31
19	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	29
20	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	28
21	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	92
22	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	76
23	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	12
24	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4
25	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	36
26	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	164
27	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	166
28 29	1 1	0	1 0	0	0	1	1 1	1	167 135
30	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	151
31	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	215
32	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	223
33	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	207
34	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	143
35	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	142
36	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	14
37	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	46
38	0	0	1 0	0	0	1	1	0	38
39 40		0		0	0	1 0	1 1	0	6 2
41	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	18
42	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	82
43	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	83
44	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	211
45	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	195
46	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	203
47	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	235
48	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	239
49 50	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	231
50 51	1 0	1 1	0	0	0	1	1 1	1	199 71
52	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	7
53	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	23
54	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	19
55	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3
56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
57	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	9
58	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	41
59	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	169
60	1	1 1	1	0	1 0	0	0	1	233 225
61 62	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	225
63	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	245
	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	ı	1		1	I ****

Position	p8	р7	р6	р5	p4	рЗ	p2	p 1	Decimal Output
64	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	247
65	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	243
66	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	227
67	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	163
68	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	131
69	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	139
70	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	137
71	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	129
72	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	128
73	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	132
74	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	148
75	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	212
76	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	244
77	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	240
78	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	242
79	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	250
80	1	1	1	1 1	1	0	1 0	1	251 249
81					1	0		1	249 241
82	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	
83	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	209
84	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	193
85	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	197
86	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	196
87	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	192
88	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	64
89	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	66
90	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	74
91	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	106
92	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	122
93	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	120
94 95	0	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	0	0	1 1	121 125
96	1	1	1	1		1	0		253
97	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1 0	253 252
98	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	248
99	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	232
100	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	224
100	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	226
101	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	98
102	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	96
103	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	32
105	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	33
106	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	37
107	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	53
108	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	61
109	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	60
110	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	188
111	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	190
112	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	254
113	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	126
114	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	124
115	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	116
116	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	112
117	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	113
118	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	49
119	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	48
120	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	16
121	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	144
122	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	146
123	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	154
124	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	154
125	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	30
126	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	94
127	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	95

262-1384

Specifications

Electrical characteristics

Output8-bit	gray code with absolute states
	5Ω max.
Open circuit resistance	100K Ω Min.
	mA (@ 10Vdc or 0.1 watt max.)
Insulation resistance (500Vdc)1,000M Ω min.
Dielectric withstanding voltag	eMIL-STD-202, method 301
Sea level	1,000Vac min.
	continuous
Contact bounce (60 RPM)	2.7ms max.
RPM (operating)	120 max.
Environmental characteri	stics
Storage temperature range_	-40°C to +140°C
Operating temperature range	e25°C to +125°C
	-202, method 103B, condition B
Vibration	15G
Contact bounce	0.1ms max.
Shock	50G
	0.1ms max.
Rotational life	50,000 shaft revolutions
Mechanical characteristic	es
Mechanical angle	continuous
Weight	approx. 0.50oz.
Torque	0.75 to 2.50oz-in.
Mounting torque	7in-lbs. max.
Shaft side load (static)	10lbs. min.

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